Chapter 11

OFFENSES

Articles:

11-1 OFFENSES

Article 11-1

OFFENSES

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Section 11-1-1	Abandoned Vehicles

1. "Abandoned vehicle" means any vehicle which is without current license plates or tabs,

Definitions. In this section unless the context requires otherwise:

- inoperable, stripped, unclaimed, scrapped, junked or discarded.2. "Abandoned vehicle parts" means any vehicle part which is inoperable, unclaimed, scrapped,
- junked, discarded or not used in or on any vehicle.
- 3. "Classic car" means a vehicle licensed pursuant to A.R.S. Title 28, Chapter 3, Article 2 as a horseless carriage, classic car or historic vehicle.
- 4. "Private property" means land owned by any person other than the United States, the state, the county or the town.
- 5. "Unsheltered" means anything located outside a garage in such a manner as to be visible to a person standing upon any public street, alley, sidewalk or right-of-way or to any person standing at ground level upon any adjoining piece of property.
- 6. "Vehicle" means a self-propelled device in, upon or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a public highway or street, excepting devices moved by human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks.
- 7. "Vehicle parts" means any parts, components or accessories of a vehicle.
- B. Unsheltered Storage Prohibited

- 1. The unsheltered storage of any abandoned vehicle or abandoned vehicle parts for a period of fifteen days or more on any private property within the corporate limits of this town is hereby declared to be a nuisance and dangerous to the public safety.
- 2. The provisions of paragraph 1 of this subsection shall not apply to the storage of abandoned vehicles or abandoned vehicle parts on the premises of a business enterprise operating in a lawful place and manner when necessary to the operation of such business enterprise or to a storage place or depository for vehicles or vehicle parts maintained in a lawful place and manner. The exceptions contained in this paragraph shall be an affirmative defense to be pled and proved by the defendant in any judicial proceedings under this section.
- 3. The provisions in paragraph 1 of this subsection shall not apply to classic cars while such are maintained or stored on the owner's private property.

C. Removal

- 1. The owner, tenant, lessee or other occupant of any private property within the corporate limits of the town upon which storage is prohibited by subsection B of this section and also the owner of such abandoned vehicles or abandoned vehicle parts involved in such storage shall jointly and severally abate the nuisance. Every person who shall fail, neglect or refuse to abate the nuisance as provided in this section shall also be guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor. The imposition of any sentence shall not exempt the offender from compliance with the requirements of this section.
- 2. Any person who fails, neglects or refuses to abate such nuisance shall be notified in writing by certified or registered mail or by personal service by the town manager or his representative to abate the nuisance within fifteen days from the date appearing on such written notice.
- 3. When any person to whom notice as provided in this subsection has been mailed fails, neglects or refuses for more than fifteen days from the date appearing on the notice to abate the nuisance, the town manager or his representative is hereby authorized to remove the abandoned vehicle or abandoned vehicle parts from the premises and dispose of same according to law.
- 4. The owner, tenant, lessee or other occupant of any private property, from which the town has removed an abandoned vehicle or abandoned vehicle parts pursuant to this section, shall be liable for all costs incurred in removing said items from the property.

Section 11-1-2 Dangerous Constructions

It is unlawful for any person to maintain or allow any signs, billboards, awnings and other similar structures over or near streets, sidewalks, public grounds or places frequented by the public, so situated or constructed as to endanger the public safety.

Section 11-1-3 Defacing Public and Private Property

- A. Definitions. The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this Section, have the meanings ascribed to them in this Section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
 - 1. "Etch" means to permanently alter a surface by use of an etching solution or implement.
 - 2. "Graffiti" means writing, drawing, inscribing, etching, spray painting, sketching or otherwise applying a message, slogan, sign, image or symbol or mark of any type on any public or private building, structure or surface made without the express permission of the responsible party.
 - 3. "Responsible party" means an owner, occupant, lessor, lessee, manager, licensee or other person having the right to control property upon which graffiti occurs.
- B. It is unlawful for any person to deface any public property, including but not limited to writing or drawing thereon, or painting or pasting thereon, or attaching thereto any handbill or advertisement or other drawing or to scratch, mar, disfigure or defile such property or the floors or walls thereof. A complaint may be filed against any person in violation of this section by any citizen of the town or any police officer or other public official of the town who witnesses the incident.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to deface any private property, by writing or drawing thereon or by painting or pasting thereon, or attaching thereto any handbill or advertisement or other drawing or to scratch, mar, disfigure or defile such property or the floor or walls thereof without the express permission of the owner of such property. In the event of a violation of this subsection, the owner or the person entitled to possession may file with the law enforcement agency a complaint against any individual who violates this section of the code.
- D. In the event of a conviction for a first offense under this section, the minimum fine shall be \$100 with a maximum fine of \$1,000; the fine for a second conviction under this section shall be a minimum fine of \$300 with a maximum fine of \$2,500. In the event the defendant charged is a juvenile, his parents or other persons with whom he resides or who have custody over such juvenile shall be likewise cited and shall be subject to the fines provided herein.
- E. In addition to the fines provided herein, the town magistrate may impose other appropriate sentencing, including the requiring of public service time within the town limits, cleaning up graffiti, picking up waste and other papers and providing for such other community service as the court deems appropriate.
- F. The council is specifically authorized to offer a reward for the apprehension of parties who might be guilty of violation of this section and to solicit reward funds and other cooperation from the citizens and business community of the town.
- G. Graffiti prohibited. All sidewalks, walls, buildings, fences, signs, and other structures or surfaces shall be kept free from graffiti that is visible from the street, right-of-way or other public or private property.
 - 1. Notice of Abatement. If it is determined by the Town that graffiti exists on property in violation of this Section, the Town shall, in writing, notify the responsible party with a notice of abatement. The notice of abatement shall direct that the graffiti be abated within 20 days of receipt of the notice. The notice of abatement shall state that in the event the responsible

party fails to abate the graffiti within the time period specified in the notice of violation, the Town may, in addition to the civil penalty remedies set forth in Section 1-8, abate the graffiti as set forth in Subsection (G)(2) below, and may bill the responsible party for the cost and administrative charge as set forth in Subsection (G)(2) below. The notice of abatement may be served by regular mail, personal service or by posting the subject property.

2. Town's authority to abate. If the responsible party fails to abate the graffiti as required by the notice of abatement, the Town may proceed to abate the graffiti and may bill the responsible party for the cost thereof plus an administrative charge of ten percent of the cost of abatement. The Town or its authorized private contractor is expressly authorized to enter private property and abate graffiti thereon in accordance with this section.

(13-05, Amended, 05/16/2013)

Section 11-1-4 Fireworks

- A. Definitions. The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this Section, have the meanings ascribed to them in this Section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
 - 1. "Consumer firework" means those fireworks defined as such by Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 36-1601, as amended.
 - 2. "Display firework" means those fireworks defined as such by Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 36-1601, as amended.
 - 3. **"Expenses of an emergency response"** means reasonable costs directly incurred by public agencies, for-profit entities or not-for-profit entities that make an appropriate emergency response to an incident.
 - 4. **"Fireworks"** means any combustible or explosive composition, substance or combination of substances, or any article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration or detonation, including a Consumer Firework, Display Firework or Permissible Consumer Firework as defined by Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 36-1601, as amended.
 - 5. "Novelty items" means federally deregulated novelty items that are known as snappers, snap caps, party poppers, glow worms, snakes, toy smoke devices, sparklers, and certain toys as defined in Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 36-1601, as amended.
 - 6. **"Permissible consumer fireworks"** means those fireworks defined as such by Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 36-1601, as amended.
 - 7. "Reasonable costs" includes the costs of providing police, fire fighting, rescue and emergency medical services at the scene of an incident and the salaries of the persons who respond to the incident.
 - 8. "Supervised public display" means a monitored performance of Display Fireworks open to the public and authorized by permit by the Fire Chief or his designee.
- B. Use of Fireworks prohibited; exceptions.

- 1. The use, discharge or ignition of Fireworks within the corporate limits of the Town is prohibited, except that Permissible Consumer Fireworks may be used during the periods of June 24 through July 6 and December 24 through January 3 of each year.
- 2. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the use, discharge or ignition of Novelty Items or the occurrence of a Supervised Public Display of Fireworks.
- 3. Permits may be granted by the Fire Chief or authorized designee for conducting a properly Supervised Public Display of Fireworks. Every such Supervised Public Display of Fireworks shall be of such character and so located, discharged or fired, only after proper inspection and in a manner that does not endanger persons, animals or property. A permit shall not be issued, and may be revoked, during time periods of High Fire Danger warnings. The Fire Chief or authorized designee has authority to impose conditions on any permits granted.
- 4. Failure to comply with any permit requirements issued by the Fire Chief or authorized designee is a civil offense punishable by a base fine of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation.

C. Sale of Fireworks.

- 1. The sale of fireworks within the corporate limits of the Town is prohibited, except that Permissible Consumer Fireworks may be sold during the periods of May 20 through July 6 and December 10 through January 3 of each year.
- 2. No person shall sell or permit, authorize the sale of Permissible Consumer Fireworks in conflict with State law. Nothing in this Subsection C or in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the sale of novelty items.
- 3. No person shall sell, permit or authorize the sale of Permissible Consumer Fireworks to a person who is under sixteen (16) years of age.
- 4. Permits for the sale of Permissible Consumer Fireworks are required and may be granted by the Fire Chief or his authorized designee. Violations of this Section or Arizona Revised Statues, Chapter 13, Article 1, shall be grounds for immediate revocation of such permit.
- 5. The storage of fireworks within the corporate limits of the Town shall be in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association Standards 1124, 2006 Edition, as amended.
- D. Posting of signs by persons engaged in the sale of Fireworks; civil penalty.
 - 1. Prior to the sale of Permissible Consumer Fireworks, every person engaged in such sales shall prominently display signs indicating the following:
 - a. The use of Fireworks, including Permissible Consumer Fireworks except novelty Items as defined by Town Code, Section 11-1-4, is prohibited within the corporate limits of the Town.
 - b. Consumer Fireworks authorized for sale under State law may not be sold to persons under the age of sixteen (16).

- 2. Signs required under this Section shall be placed at each cash register and in each area where Fireworks are displayed for sale.
- 3. The Fire Chief or authorized designee shall develop regulations concerning the size and color of the required signs and shall develop a model sign. The required sign regulations and model sign shall be posted on the Town's website and filed with the Town Clerk's office.
- 4. Failure to comply with Subsections 11-1-4(D)(1) or (2) of this Section is a civil offense punishable by a base fine of up to seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00).
- E. Authority to enforce violations of this Section; Means of enforcement.
 - 1. The Fire Chief or authorized designee, a Maricopa County Sheriff Deputy, a Town Code Enforcement Officer or the Town Prosecutor may issue civil complaints to enforce violations of this Section designated as civil offenses.
 - 2. Any person authorized pursuant to this section to issue a civil citation may also issue a notice of violation specifying actions to be taken and the time in which they are to be taken to avoid issuance of a civil citation.
- F. Liability for emergency responses related to use of Fireworks.
 - 1. A person who uses, discharges or ignites Permissible Consumer Fireworks, Fireworks or anything that is designed or intended to rise into the air and explode or to detonate in the air or to fly above the ground, is liable for the expenses of any emergency response that is required by such use, discharge or ignition. The fact that a person is convicted or found responsible for a violation(s) of this Section is prima facie evidence of liability under this Section.
 - 2. The expenses of an emergency response are a charge against the person liable for those expenses pursuant to Subsection 11-1-4(F)(1) of this Section. The charge constitutes a debt of that person and may be collected proportionately by the public agencies, for-profit entities or not-for-profit entities that incurred the expenses. The liability imposed under this Section is in addition to and not in limitation of any other liability that may be imposed.
- G. Penalty. Unless otherwise specifically set forth in this section, the civil penalty for violating any prohibition or requirement imposed by this section is a base fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation.

(14-05, Amended, 06/05/2014; 10-05, Amended, 10/21/2010)

Section 11-1-5 Fences - Barbed Wire or Electric

Unless permitted by zoning, it is unlawful for any person to erect or maintain within the town any electric fence or any fence constructed in whole or in part of barbed wire. Any such fence is hereby declared a public nuisance and subject to abatement by order of the town court.

Section 11-1-6 Curfew Hours for Minors

A. Definitions. In this section unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Emergency" means an unforeseen combination of circumstances or the resulting state that calls for immediate action.
- 2. "Guardian" means a person who, under court order, is the guardian of the person of a minor or a public or private agency with whom a minor has been placed by an authorized agency or court; or at least twenty-one years of age and authorized by a parent or guardian to have the care and custody of a minor.
- 3. "Insufficient control" means failure to exercise reasonable care and diligence in the supervision of the juvenile.
- 4. "Minor" means any person under eighteen years of age.
- 5. "Parent" means a person who is a natural parent, adoptive parent or step-parent of another person.

B. Offenses.

- 1. It is unlawful for any minor under the age of sixteen years to be in, about or upon any place in the town away from the property where the youth resides between the hours of 10:00 P.M. and 5:00 A.M. of the following day.
- 2. It is unlawful for any minor sixteen years of age or older and under the age of eighteen, to be in, about or upon any place in the town away from the property where the child resides between the hours of 12:00 A.M. and 5:00 A.M.
- 3. It is unlawful for a parent or guardian of a minor to knowingly permit, or by insufficient control, allow a minor to violate paragraphs 1 or 2 of this subsection.
- 4. It is unlawful for a parent, guardian or other person having the care, custody or supervision of the minor to fail or refuse to take custody of the minor after such demand is made upon him by a law enforcement officer who arrests the minor for violation of paragraphs 1 or 2 of this subsection.

C. Defenses/Exceptions.

It is a defense to prosecution under subsection B, including paragraph 3 of subsection B, of this section that the minor was:

- 1. Accompanied by the minor's parent or guardian.
- 2. With prior permission of the parent or guardian, in a motor vehicle involved in interstate travel.
- 3. With prior permission of the parent or guardian, in an employment activity or going to or returning home from an employment activity without any detour or stop by the most direct route.

- 4. Involved in an emergency.
- 5. With prior permission of the parent or guardian, was engaged in reasonable, legitimate and specific business or activity. Examples include, but are not limited to, a juvenile with prior permission of the parent or guardian, attending an official school, religious or other recreational activity supervised by adults who take responsibility for the minor, or going to or returning home from an official school, religious or other recreational activity supervised by adults who take responsibility for the minor.
- 6. With prior permission of the parent or guardian, engaged in a reasonable and legitimate exercise of First Amendment rights protected by the United States Constitution.
- 7. Married and sixteen years of age or over, or in the military.
- 8. On the sidewalk abutting their residence or on the exit door neighbor's property with the consent of the neighbor.

D. Enforcement.

- 1. Before taking any enforcement action under this section, a police officer shall attempt to ascertain the apparent offender's age and reason for being in the place. The officer shall not issue a citation or make an arrest under this section unless the officer reasonably believes that an offense has occurred and that, based upon the circumstances, the minor's responses and minor's conduct, no defense as provided in subsection C of this section is probably present.
- 2. In addition to any other powers he/she may have, any law enforcement officer who arrests a minor for violating any of the provisions of paragraphs 1 or 2 of subsection B of this section is also hereby empowered to demand of the parent, guardian or other person having the care, custody or supervision of the minor that such parent, guardian or other person come and take the minor into custody. The law enforcement officer is also empowered to take the minor to a designated location where arrangements can be made for a parent, guardian or other appropriate party to take the minor into custody. Should there be a failure of the parent, guardian or other person to take custody of such minor, the officer may then be empowered to take the minor home.
- E. Penalty. First offense convictions, under this section, shall be sentenced as a petty offense. Second offense convictions, under this section, shall be sentenced as a class 2 misdemeanor. Third and all subsequent convictions under this section shall be sentenced as a class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 11-1-7 Noise

A. It is hereby declared to be a public nuisance, and it is unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to play or permit to be played any music or musical instrument or instruments whether played by individuals, orchestra, radio, phonograph, music box or other mechanical device or means in such a loud or unusual manner as to be offensive to the senses, or so as to disturb the slumber, peace and quiet, or otherwise interfere with or annoy the comfortable enjoyment of life or property of any persons and is no less a nuisance because the extent of the annoyance inflicted is unequal.

B. It is unlawful to play, operate, or use any device known as a sound truck, loud speaker or sound amplifier, radio or phonograph with loud speaker or sound amplifier or any instrument of any kind or character which emits loud and raucous noises and is attached to and upon any vehicle unless such person in charge of such vehicle shall have first applied to and received permission from the town manager or his designee to operate any such vehicle so equipped.

Section 11-1-8 Obstruction of View

It is unlawful for any person to maintain or allow any tree, hedge, billboard or other obstruction which prevent persons driving vehicles on public streets, alleys or highways from obtaining a clear view of traffic when approaching an intersection or pedestrian crosswalk.

Section 11-1-9 Offensive Premises

It is unlawful for any person to suffer, or permit any premises belonging to or occupied by him, or any cellar, privy, vault, pool, sewer or private drain therein to become nauseous, foul or offensive to the senses or prejudicial to the public health or comfort.

Section 11-1-10Searchlights

It is unlawful for any person to operate within the town any incandescent or arc-type searchlight, beacon light or similar lighting device designed to and capable of projecting a beam of light into the sky for a distance in excess of one-half mile unless permission is obtained from the council. The provisions of this section shall not apply to emergency searchlights or beacons operated pursuant to public authority.

Section 11-1-11Signs and Banners

It is unlawful for any person to place any banner or sign upon any streetlight pole, traffic signal pole or utility pole within the town without first obtaining an encroachment permit from the town manager and owner of the pole.

Section 11-1-12Spitting

It is unlawful for any person to spit upon any of the public sidewalks or crosswalks in the town or upon any public path, by-way or highway, or in or on any public ground or park in the town or upon the floor or interior of any public building in the town.

Section 11-1-13Water - Flow Upon Streets Prohibited

A. It is unlawful for any person to willfully or negligently permit or cause the escape or flow of water in such quantity as to cause flooding, or to impede vehicular or pedestrian traffic, to create a hazardous condition to such traffic or to cause damage to the public streets of the town.

B. It is unlawful for any person to willfully or negligently permit or cause the escape or flow of irrigation water in such quantity as to cause flooding, to impede vehicular or pedestrian traffic, to create a hazardous condition to such traffic or to cause damage to the public streets of the town through the failure or neglect to properly operate or maintain any irrigation structure, delivery ditch or waste ditch in which said person has a vested right or interest or through the willful or negligent failure of said person to accept irrigation water after it has been ordered by him.

Section 11-1-14Discharge of Firearms

- A. Except as provided in Subsection "C" below, no person shall fire, discharge or shoot any weapon within the corporate limits of the town.
- B. For the purposes of this section only, "weapon" shall mean any firearm or bow and arrow, including but not limited to, a pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, air gun, BB gun, pellet gun, dart gun, gas operated gun, crossbow or other similar gun or instrument.
- C. The provisions of Subsections "A" and "B" above shall not apply to the use of any gun or instrument by:
 - 1. A law enforcement officer or other duly authorized public official in performance of an official law enforcement duty.
 - 2. Any person at a properly licensed and supervised shooting range.
 - 3. Any person when such weapon is used only for the necessary protection of property, habitation or person in a manner authorized by the laws of the State of Arizona.
- D. For the purposes of this section only, "properly licensed and supervised shooting range" means a shooting range operated by a club affiliated with the National Rifle Association of America, The Amateur Trapshooting Association, The National Skeet Association or any other nationally recognized bow and arrow or firearm shooting organization, any agency of the federal government, the State of Arizona, Maricopa County, the Town of Fountain Hills or any public or private school.
- E. Any person who violates, disobeys, omits, neglects or refuses to comply with, or who resists the enforcement of any of the provisions of this article shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.
- F. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to infringe upon a citizen's right to bear arms as guaranteed by the United States Constitution. (98-07, Amended, 02/19/1998)

Section 11-1-15Smoking Prohibited

It is unlawful for any person to smoke tobacco in any form in any building owned or directly leased by the town.

Section 11-1-16Criminal Trespass

- A. Definitions. As used in this Section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
 - 1. "Entering or remaining unlawfully" means an act of a person who enters or remains on premises when such person's purpose for so entering or remaining is not licensed, authorized or otherwise privileged.
 - 2. "Entry" means the intrusion of any part of any instrument or any part of a person's body inside the external boundaries of a structure or unit of real property.
 - 3. "Fenced commercial yard" means a unit of real property surrounded completely by either fences, walls, buildings, or similar barriers or any combination thereof, and used primarily for business operations or where livestock, produce or other commercial items are located.
 - 4. "Fenced residential yard" means a unit of real property immediately surrounding or adjacent to a residential structure and enclosed by a fence, wall, building or similar barrier, or any combination thereof.
 - 5. "Nonresidential structure" means any structure other than a residential structure.
 - 6. "Residential structure" means any structure, movable or immovable, permanent or temporary, adopted for both human residence and lodging whether occupied or not.
 - 7. "Structure" means any building, object, vehicle, railroad car or place with sides and a floor, separately securable from any other structure attached to it and used for lodging, business, transportation, recreation or storage.
- B. A person commits criminal trespass by knowingly:
 - 1. Entering or remaining unlawfully in or on a residential structure or a fenced residential yard.
 - 2. Entering any residential yard and, without lawful authority, looking into the residential structure thereon in reckless disregard of infringing on the inhabitant's right of privacy.
 - 3. Entering or remaining unlawfully on any real property after a reasonable request to leave by the owner or any other person having lawful control over such property, or reasonable notice prohibiting entry.
 - 4. Entering or remaining unlawfully in or on any nonresidential structure or in any fenced commercial yard.
 - 5. Entering or remaining unlawfully on the property of another and burning, defacing, mutilating or otherwise desecrating a religious symbol or other religious property of another without the express permission of the owner of the property.
- C. Criminal Trespass is a class 1 misdemeanor.
- D. In the event the defendant charged is a juvenile, the parents or other adult persons with whom the juvenile resides or who have custody over such juvenile shall be likewise cited and shall be

subject to the fines provided herein.

E. The Town Manager is authorized to (1) offer a reward for the apprehension of parties who might be guilty of violation of this section and (2) solicit reward funds and other cooperation from the citizens and businesses within Fountain Hills. (06-15, Added, 06/15/2006)

Section 11-1-17Use of Town-owned Washes

It is unlawful for any person to enter upon or use any Town-owned wash, as such term is defined in Section 9-3-2 of this Code, in violation of the following provisions:

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person, other than Town personnel conducting Town business therein, to occupy or be present in Town-owned washes during any hours in which the washes are not open to the public. Washes are open to the public from dawn to dusk daily unless otherwise posted by the Town. A violation of this subsection shall constitute an act of criminal trespass, as defined by Section 11-1-16 of this Code.
- B. The following are prohibited in all Town-owned washes:
 - 1. Committing any act in a Town-owned wash that endangers the health and safety of any person.
 - 2. Using any portion of any Town-owned wash for archery, firearms, sling shots, rockets, darts, rocks or other projectile devices.
 - 3. Dumping, unauthorized grading, or otherwise utilizing a Town-owned wash or any materials or vegetation therein, in an unauthorized or prohibited manner.
 - 4. Creating or maintaining open fires.
 - 5. Overnight camping.
 - 6. Pets, unless on a leash and under the constant control of a person and provided that any such person controlling a pet shall, at all times in a Town-owned wash (i) carry the necessary items to properly dispose of animal waste and (ii) immediately remove any animal waste from the Town-owned wash and dispose of same in a proper trash receptacle.
 - 7. Skateboards, roller blades, roller skates, bicycles or any (non-motorized) rolling vehicles, unless used in an area specifically designated for such use by the Town.
 - 8. Driving or riding, at any time, any automobile, truck, motorcycle, motor scooter, all-terrain vehicle, other motor vehicle, horse or other animal upon the grounds of any Town-owned wash.
 - 9. Consuming alcoholic beverages, spirituous liquors or malt beverages (beer), as defined in A.R.S. § 4-101, *et seq.*, as amended.
 - 10. Possessing a glass container, unless specifically authorized by the Town.

- 11. Throwing, tossing or otherwise propelling any glass object, whether willfully and maliciously or carelessly and negligently, and causing such glass object to break in a Town-owned wash.
- 12. Swimming, wading, bathing, fishing or boating in or on any water located within a Town-owned wash.
- C. The parents or adult persons with whom a juvenile resides shall be financially liable for consequences of the juvenile's infraction of this Section and/or any damage such Juvenile causes on or to Town-owned property.

D. Penalties:

- 1. A person who violates the provisions of this Section shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a Class 1 Misdemeanor.
- 2. A person who violates the provisions of this Section may, upon conviction thereof, be temporarily or permanently banned from using any Town-owned wash. (06-20, Added, 09/07/2006)